





## About the SDGs

**The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development** (hereinafter 2030 Agenda) and the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), **was adopted by all United Nations Member States in September 2015.**

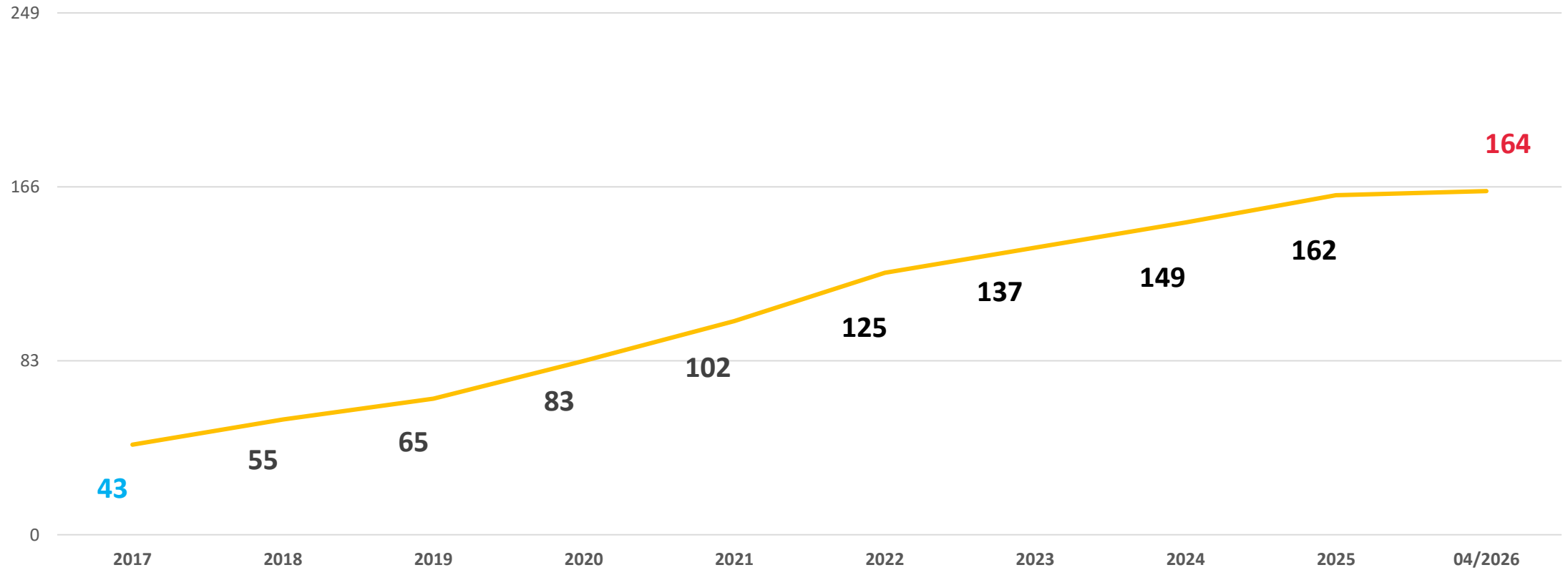
The Agenda 2030 **represents a global strategic framework for sustainable development** and it provides the foundation for a vision of development as sustainable prosperity based on social inclusion and equality, while simultaneously preserving our planet.

The Agenda **includes short-term and long-term goals and targets / sub-goals in the economic, social, and environmental spheres.**

**One of the fundamental principles** underlying this strategic framework **is that no one should be left behind (LNOB)** in development processes and outcomes.

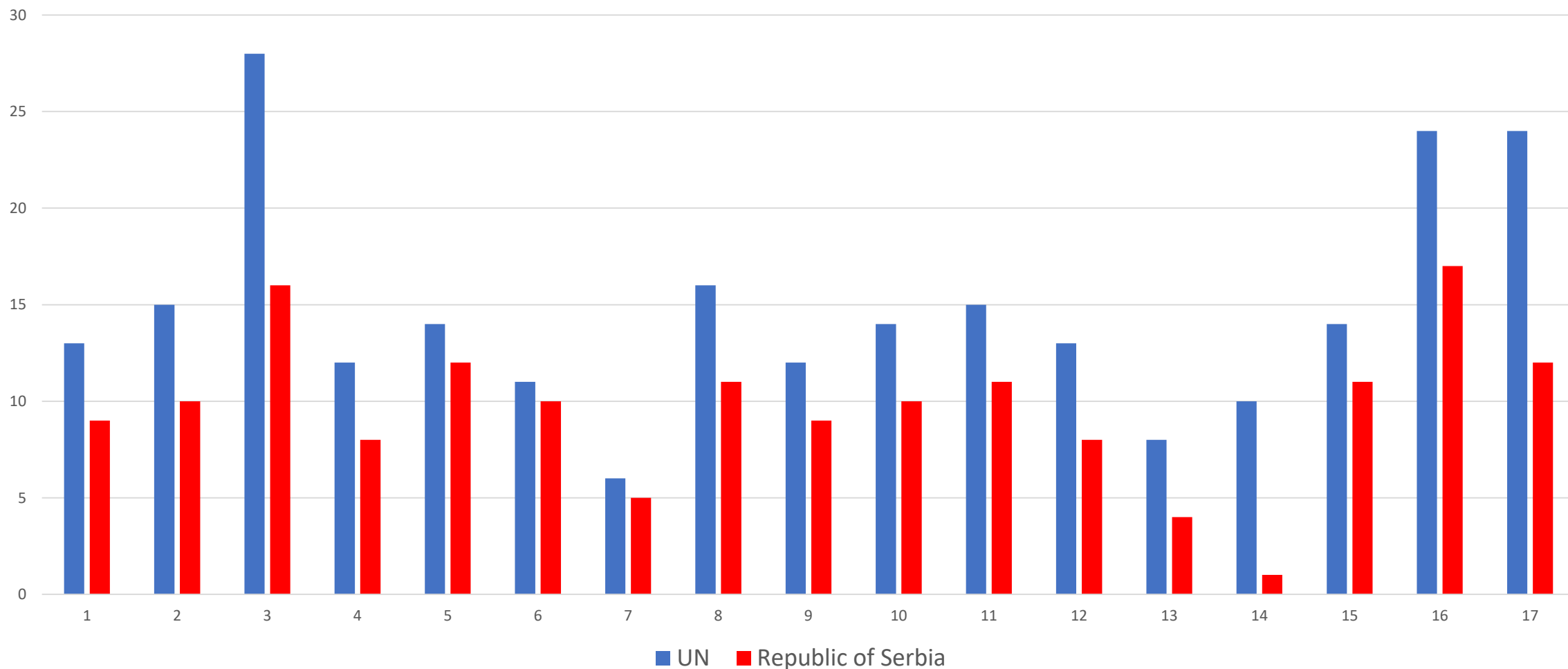


# Increase in the number of SDG indicators for the Republic of Serbia 2017-2026 (April):





## The number of SDG indicators by Goals, UN – RS, 2026 (April):





## ***A decade of SDGs in the Republic of Serbia***

The Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia (SORS) published a **special edition marking the first decade since the adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**, titled *“A Decade of Sustainable Development Goals in the Republic of Serbia, 2015–2025.”*

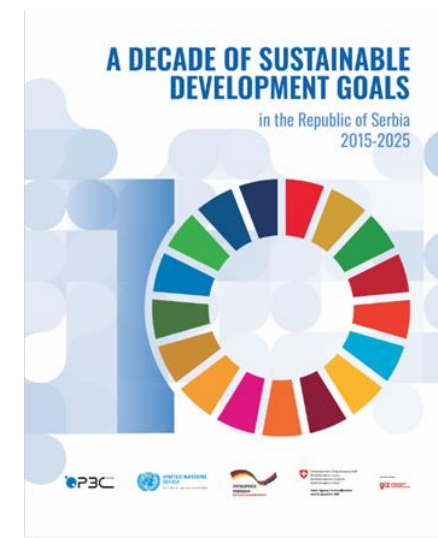
This publication **highlights the efforts of the RS and SORS in expanding the number of SDG indicators and advancing progress toward achieving the global Goals, although there is no national targets or indicators.**

The **purpose of the report was to provide systematic insights** into the trends in achieving the global SDGs and indicators, with clear identification of four areas:

- **Progress,**
- **Stagnation,**
- **Inconsistent trends, and**
- **Movement away from the goals.**

[https://sdg.indikatori.rs/media/ah1lzk4m/decade\\_of\\_sdgs\\_in\\_serbia\\_2015-2025.pdf](https://sdg.indikatori.rs/media/ah1lzk4m/decade_of_sdgs_in_serbia_2015-2025.pdf)

[https://sdg.indikatori.rs/media/hp2kvyhg/decenija\\_cor\\_u\\_republici\\_srbiji\\_2015-2025\\_cir.pdf](https://sdg.indikatori.rs/media/hp2kvyhg/decenija_cor_u_republici_srbiji_2015-2025_cir.pdf)





## SDGs monitoring and achievements in the Republic of Serbia (1)

1 **Areas of progress** - health, gender equality, poverty reduction and living conditions for vulnerable groups;

2 **Areas of stagnation** - access to electricity (almost the entire population already has access), coverage for immunization against diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis (DTP) for children from rural areas, access to safe drinking water particularly in rural areas and a decline in access to safe sanitation services, prevalence of undernourishment among the population, conservation of genetic resources for food and agriculture, and urban population living in inadequate settlements;



## SDGs monitoring and achievements in the Republic of Serbia (2)

3 **Areas with inconsistent trends** - young people and adults possessing adequate skills for employment, monitored through the various digital skills and reducing inequalities, and

4 **Areas with the a movement away from the goals** - early marriage among the population of Roma settlements, vaccination against measles, the minimum level of proficiency in reading and mathematics in primary education, density and distribution of dentists and pharmacists, children with violent disciplinary methods, victims of human trafficking, confiscated firearms and availability of commercial banks.



## **SDGs and achieved SDG indicators in the Republic of Serbia**

- 1. No Poverty**
- 2. Zero Hunger**
- 3. Good Health and Well-being (3)**
- 4. Quality Education**
- 5. Gender Equality (2)**
- 6. Clean Water and Sanitation (1)**
- 7. Affordable and Clean Energy (1)**
- 8. Decent Work and Economic Growth (1)**
- 9. Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure**
- 10. Reduced Inequalities**
- 11. Sustainable Cities and Communities (1)**
- 12. Responsible Consumption and Production (1)**
- 13. Climate Action**
- 14. Life Below Water**
- 15. Life on Land**
- 16. Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions**
- 17. Partnerships for the Goals (3)**



## Achieved 13 SDG indicators from 8 SDG goals in the Republic of Serbia (1)

### SDG 3

- 3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio
- 3.2.1 Under-5 mortality rate
- 3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate

### SDG 5

- 5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education
- 5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment

### SDG 6

- 6.b.1 Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in water and sanitation management

### SDG 7

- 7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity



## Achieved 13 SDG indicators from 8 SDG goals in the Republic of Serbia (2)

### SDG 8

- 8.b.1 Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy

### SDG 11

- 11.a.1 Number of countries that have national urban policies or regional development plans that (a) respond to population dynamics; (b) ensure balanced territorial development; and (c) increase local fiscal space

### SDG 12

- 12.1.1 Number of countries developing, adopting or implementing policy instruments aimed at supporting the shift to sustainable consumption and production

### SDG 17

- 17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
- 17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding
- 17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration



## Review of SDG-related reports and publications

- [Voluntary national Review of the Republic of Serbia](#), 2019
- [Six yearly Progress reports on the implementation of SDGs by 2030 in the Republic of Serbia](#), 2020 – 2025
- [Seven LNOB publications](#), 2021 - 2025 (Roma population, Youth, Type of settlements, Gender perspective, Children perspective, Elderly population, Women in rural areas)
- [Three special SDG publications](#), 2021, 2023 and 2025 (two publications dedicated to the environment and one to the urban development)
- [The National Roadmap for Statistics for the SDG in the Republic of Serbia, 2024](#)
- [A decade of the SDGs in the Republic of Serbia 2015-2025](#), 2025



## The coming years of SDG implementation in the Republic of Serbia, up to 2030

- Regular quarterly updates of SDG indicators and SDG profiles
- Annual automated reports (2026-2030)
- Final SDG Report 2015-2030 in the Republic of Serbia
- Potential Voluntary national Review of the Republic of Serbia ...
- Potential list of the national SDG indicators ...



## Challenges for the SDG indicators in the Republic of Serbia

### Challenges:

- Expansion of scope – ensure as many new SDG indicators as possible for the Republic of Serbia,
- Data reliability – secure high-quality and verified data sources,
- Lower territorial level – provide data at local / municipal levels, and
- Detailed disaggregation – enable data breakdown by gender, age, education, income, and other relevant characteristics.

Thank you for your attention!

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